

# Rehabilitation for Arthroscopic or Open Gluteus Medius/Minimius Repair

Surgery date:	R	L
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### **General Guidelines:**

- Normalize gait pattern with brace and crutches
- Weight-bearing: TTWB for 4 weeks unless otherwise directed by physician
- Continuous Passive Motion Machine
  - 4 hours/day or 2 hours if on stationary bike for 2 bouts of 20-30 minutes if tolerated

### Frequency of Physical Therapy:

- Seen post-op Day 10-14
- Seen 1x/week for 6 weeks
- Seen 2x/week for 6 weeks
- Seen 2-3x/week for 6 weeks

### Precautions following Hip Arthroscopy:

- Weight-bearing will be determined by procedure (protecting the repair)
- Hip flexors tendonitis
- Trochanteric bursitis
- Synovitis
- Manage scarring around portal sites
- Increase range of motion focusing on flexion
  - No active abduction, IR, or passive ER, adduction (6 weeks)



### **Guidelines:**

- Weeks 0-4
  - CPM for 4 hours/day
  - Bike for 20 minutes/day (can be 2x/day) as tolerated
  - Scar massage
  - Hip PROM
    - Hip flexion as tolerated, abduction as tolerated
    - Log roll
    - No active abduction and IR
    - No passive ER (4 weeks) or adduction (6 weeks)
    - Stool stretch for hip flexors and adductors
  - Quadruped rocking for hip flexion
  - Gait training PWB with assistive device
  - Hip isometrics -
    - Extension, adduction, ER at 2 weeks
  - Hamstring isotonics
  - Pelvic tilts
  - NMES to quads with SAQ with pelvic tilt
  - Modalities



### Weeks 4-6

- Continue with previous therex
- Gait training PWB with assistive device and no trendelenberg gait. Transition off crutches between 4-8 weeks based on pain. Goal of FWB by 6-8 weeks.
- Stool rotations IR/ER (20 degrees)
- Supine bridges
- Isotonic adduction
- Progress core strengthening (avoid hip flexor tendonitis)
- Progress with hip strengthening
  - Start isometric sub max pain free hip flexion(4 weeks)
  - Quadriceps strengthening
- Scar massage
- Aqua therapy in low end of water

#### Weeks 6-8

- Continue with previous therex
- Gait training: increase Weight bearing to 100% by 8 weeks
- Progress with ROM
  - Passive hip ER/IR
    - Stool rotation ER/IR as tolerated → Standing on BAPS → prone hip ER/IR
  - Hip Joint mobs with mobilization belt (if needed)
    - Lateral and inferior with rotation
    - Prone posterior-anterior glides with rotation
- Progress core strengthening (avoid hip flexor tendonitis)



### Weeks 8-10

- Continue previous therex
- Progressive hip ROM
- Progress strengthening LE
  - Hip isometrics for abduction and progress to isotonics
  - Leg press (bilateral LE)
  - Isokinetics: knee flexion/extension
- Progress core strengthening
- Begin proprioception/balance
  - Balance board and single leg stance
- Bilateral cable column rotations
- Elliptical

### Weeks 10-12

- Continue with previous therex
- Progressive hip ROM
- Progressive LE and core strengthening
  - Hip PREs and hip machine
  - Unilateral Leg press
  - Unilateral cable column rotations
  - Hip Hiking
  - · Step downs
- Hip flexor, glute/piriformis, and It-band Stretching manual and self
- Progress balance and proprioception



- Bilateral → Unilateral → foam → dynadisc
- Treadmill side stepping from level surface holding on progressing to inclines when gluteus medius is with good strength
- Side stepping with theraband
- Hip hiking on stairmaster (week 12)

#### Weeks 12 +

- Progressive hip ROM and stretching
- Progressive LE and core strengthening
- Endurance activities around the hip
- Dynamic balance activities
- Treadmill running program
- Sport specific agility drills and plyometrics

### 3-6 months Re-Evaluate (Criteria for discharge)

- Hip Outcome Score
- Pain free or at least a manageable level of discomfort
- MMT within 10 percent of uninvolved LE
- Biodex test of Quadriceps and Hamstrings peak torque within 15 percent of uninvolved
- Step down test

To be seen: 1-2 2-3 x per week	
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